

# SANTO DOMINGO

a refined trading game for 2 – 6 players from 8 years and up by Stefan Risthaus

## OVERVIEW

Santo Domingo is the oldest city in the new world built by Europeans; and, it was one of the most important trading centers in the Caribbean in the 16th century. In Santo Domingo, valuable goods will be exchanged and sold. Only those who have the right people and ships ready at the right moment can hold their own in this risky but profitable business. Seize your chance for glory!

## COMPONENTS

60 playing cards, consisting of the following action cards numbered 1-8, for each player,



The backs of the cards have 6 different colors – 1 color for each set of 8 action cards for 1 player

... and 6 each of the following 2 display cards, 1 set for each player:



Victory Points Display Card



Goods Display Card

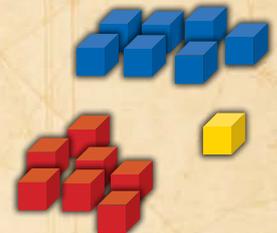
1 Game Board (in 2 sections)



Front Side: Standard Version

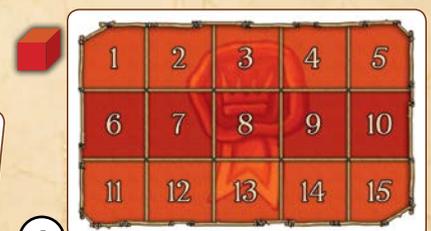
Back Side: Winter Version

15 Wooden Markers (7 red, 7 blue and 1 yellow)



## SETUP

- Place the assembled game board in the middle of the playing area where everyone can see it. (We recommend using the Standard Version for your first few games. For a change of pace, you can try out the Winter Version later.)
- Place a wooden marker of matching color in the 1st space on each row on the game board:
  - Place a red wooden marker in the first space of the **Victory Point row** on top.
  - Place a blue wooden marker in the first space of the **Goods row** in the middle.
  - Place the yellow wooden marker in the first space of the **Trader row** on the bottom.
- Give each player a matching set of 8 action cards (with the backs matching their player color).
- In addition, give each player 1 Victory Point Display card and 1 Goods Display card as well as 1 red and 1 blue wooden marker. Place both the Victory Points Display card and Goods Display card in front of you with the side showing the numbers 1 – 15 face up. Place the red wooden marker beside your Victory Points Display card. Place the blue wooden marker on the number on the Goods Display card matching the number of players in the game. (In a 4-player game place it on the 4 space.) You begin the game with these goods.



Take your 8 action cards in hand and begin!

## GOAL OF THE GAME

In *Santo Domingo* you are trying to use your 8 action cards in the cleverest way possible. All players choose an action card for the round and reveal them simultaneously. The cards are then performed in ascending order. Part of selecting your action card for the round is determining which cards your opponents are most likely to play. Depending on the cards played, you can obtain victory

points (by means of cards 1, 2, and 6) or goods (by means of cards 3, 4, and 5). The *Trader* (card 7) allows you to exchange your goods for victory points. And the *Beggar* (card 8) allows you to return your played cards back into your hand. The game ends as soon as at least 1 player has 30 or more victory points at the end of a round. Then the player with the most victory points wins the game.

## SEQUENCE OF PLAY

A game of *Santo Domingo* continues for several rounds of play.

Each round consists of the following 3 phases:

1. Supply Phase
2. Play Action Cards
3. Resolve Action Cards

### 1. Supply Phase

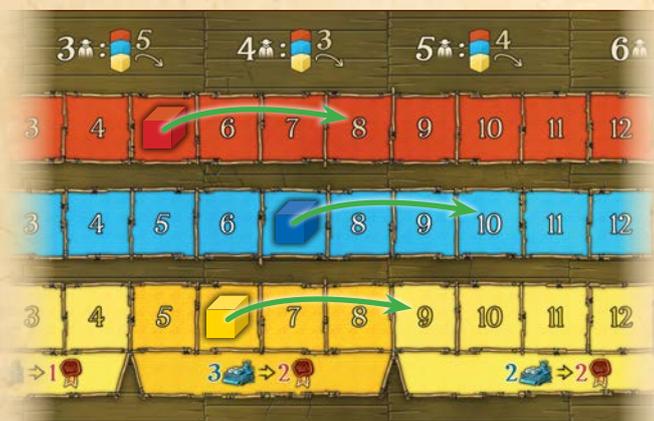
Advance all of the wooden makers on the board by moving them the following number of spaces forward, depending on the player count. This information is displayed on the top of the game board as well as in the following table:

Player Count	2	3	4	5	6
Space Number	3	5	3	4	5

If a marker reaches space 15 it ends there and any additional advance is lost.

*Example:*

*In a 4-player game, all 3 markers are advanced 3 squares in the supply phase.*



### 2. Play Action Cards

Select action cards to play for the round: **2 cards in a 2- or 3-player game** and **1 card in 4- to 6-player games**. The game board provides a reminder icon in the upper left and right corners. Place the card(s) **face down in front of you**. When all players are ready, all cards are **revealed simultaneously**.

### 3. Resolve Action Cards

Now evaluate all of the actions cards played in ascending order (starting with the *Captain*, if played). Identical action cards are performed at the same time. (There is no start player or player order!) Leave all action cards face up until the end of the round. Do not discard them into your personal **face down** discard pile until all of the cards have been evaluated.

Before explaining the action cards in order of evaluation, it is necessary to clarify some **basic principles**:

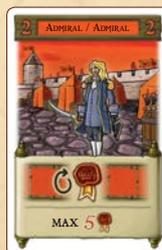
- If you receive victory points or goods, move the marker on your corresponding Display card forward and the corresponding marker on the game board back. (Exceptions: *Governor*, *Customs*, and *Beggar* do not affect the game board rows). If there are not sufficient victory points or goods on a row, you will get less.
- **Important:** For all players who play the same card, they are evaluated simultaneously. Since not enough victory points/goods can be present on the corresponding game board row for all of the players involved to get the full amount, proceed as follows: Give each involved player victory points/goods so that they all receive the same amount with any leftover victory points/goods remaining on the corresponding game board row.
- Your Victory Point Display card continues on the back with numbers 16 – 30. Once you reach 15 victory points, continue counting any new victory points on the other side.
- Your Goods Display card does not continue on the other side. You can never have more than 15 goods. If you receive enough goods to go over 15, any excess past 15 are forfeited but are still removed from the game board row.

Now we can move on to evaluating the action cards. Always start the evaluation with the action card of the lowest value. Continue evaluation in ascending order, skipping any numbers that were not played.



#### Captain (1):

All players who have played their *Captain* repeatedly receive 1 victory point from the Victory Point row on the game board until each has received a maximum of 2 victory points.



#### Admiral (2):

All players who have played their *Admiral* repeatedly receive 1 victory point from the Victory Point row on the game board until each has received a maximum of 5 victory points.

Although the *Admiral* can bring you more victory points than the *Captain*, there is the risk that *Captains* may have already emptied the supply of victory points on the board.



### Governor (3):

All players who have played their *Governor* receive 4 goods for each *Captain* who has been played this round, as well as 2 goods for each *Admiral* that has been played this round.

**Important:** You do **not** receive these goods from the game board! Move the marker forward on your Goods Display card, but do not move the marker on the Goods row on the game board.

**Important:** In 2- and 3-player games, you will **not** get any goods for your **own** *Captain* or *Admiral*.

*Example: 1 Captain, 2 Admirals and 1 Governor have been played. There are 9 victory points on the Victory Point row on the game board. First, the player who played the Captain gets 2 victory points. The two Admirals will now split the 7 remaining victory points. Evenly distributed this means each gets 3 (of the possible maximum of 5) victory points and 1 victory point remains on the Victory Point row on the game board. The Governor will receive a total of 8 goods – 4 for the Captain and 4 (2 each) for the 2 Admirals. These goods do not come from the game board row.*



### Frigate (4):

All players who have played a *Frigate* repeatedly receive 1 good from the Goods row on the game board until each player has received a maximum of 3 goods.



### Galleon (5):

All players who have played a *Galleon* repeatedly receive 1 good from the Goods row on the game board until all goods on the game board row have been evenly divided. Any left over goods that cannot be divided evenly are forfeited and left on the row.

Although the *Galleon* can bring in lots of goods, there is the risk the *Frigates* have already emptied the supply of goods on the board.



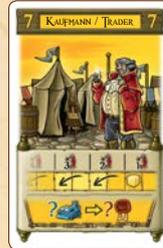
### Customs (6):

All players who have played *Customs* receive 3 victory points for each *Frigate* played this round as well as 1 victory point for each *Galleon* played this round.

**Important:** You do **not** receive these victory points from the game board! Move the marker forward on your Victory Point Display card, but do not move the marker on the Victory Point row on the game board.

**Important:** In 2- and 3-player games, you will **not** get any victory points for your **own** *Frigate* or *Galleon*.

*Example: 1 Frigate, 1 Galleon and 1 Customs have been played. 10 goods are available on the Goods row on the game board. First, the player who played the Frigate gets 3 goods from the Goods row, which leaves 7 goods for the Galleon. Since only 1 Galleon was played, the player with the Galleon receives all 7 remaining goods and the blue marker is moved to 0 on the Goods row on the game board. The Customs now receive 4 victory points in total – 3 for the Frigate and 1 for the Galleon. These victory points do not come from the game board!*



### Trader (7):

If **more than one** *Trader* has been played, the **yellow wooden marker** on the *Trader* row on the game board **must be moved back 2 spaces** for each *Trader* after the **first** one to a minimum of zero (to the 0 space).

*Example: If 3 Traders were played, you must move the yellow marker back 4 spaces.*

Now, based on the space occupied by the yellow marker, all players who played a *Trader* **may** exchange any number of goods for victory points at the given ratio in that space. (If needed let the player with most victory points start.)

Move your blue Goods marker back the number of spaces for the goods exchanged and move your red Victory Point marker forward the number of spaces for victory points gained. Place your blue goods marker beside your Goods Display card if you have spent all of your goods.

**Note:** You are allowed to exchange goods for victory points at a worse rate of exchange than the current position of the yellow marker on the *Trader* row on the game board.

If **at least 1** *Trader* was played, now **move the yellow wooden marker to zero** (the 0 space) on the *Trader* Row on the game board regardless whether any player has traded goods.

*Example: Alex and Stefan have each played a Trader. The yellow marker must be moved back 2 spaces.*



Now, both players may exchange at the rate of 3/2 (3 goods for 2 victory points). Alex exchanges 9 goods and receives 6 victory points in return. He could also return his last 2 goods for 1 victory point (a worse rate of exchange), but he decides not to do so.



After Alex and Stefan have exchanged their goods for victory points, the yellow marker must be reduced to zero.





**Beggar (8):**

All players who have played a *Beggar* will first receive a number of goods depending on the number of cards left in their hand.

Cards in Hand	0	1-2	3-4	5-7
Goods	+4	+3	+2	+1

Next, each of these players receives 2 goods for each *Trader* played this round.

**Important:** In 2- and 3-player games, you will **not** get any goods for your **own** *Trader*.

**Important:** You do **not** receive these goods from the game board!

Move the marker forward on your Goods Display card, but do not move the marker on the Goods row on the game board.

Finally, all players who played a *Beggar* take back all of their played cards from the current and previous rounds back into their hand. They will have all 8 action cards available for the next round.

*Example: In a 3-player game, Alex has played his Trader and Beggar and has 2 cards left in his hand. Another player has also played his Trader this round. Since Alex still has 2 cards left in his hand, he receives 3 goods. He also receives 2 more goods for the Trader played by another player, but not for his own Trader. Finally, he takes back into his hand all of his played cards – including the Beggar and Trader from this round as well as any cards played from previous rounds. In the next round, Alex will be able to choose from all 8 of his action cards.*

**End of a Round**

All players who did not play a *Beggar* this round now discard their played cards into their own facedown discard pile. Each round, these players will have fewer cards to choose from until they play their *Beggar*, which will return all of their cards to their hand.

Game board markers are left in place for the next round. If no one has reached 30 or more points, a new round begins.

END OF THE GAME

The game ends as soon as at least one player has 30 or more victory points at the end of a round. (Once you reach 30 victory points, continue counting any new victory points on the other side again.)

Players now exchange all remaining goods for victory points at a trade exchange rate of 3 to 1. (Adjust your markers on your Goods and Victory Point Display cards accordingly).

Whoever now has the most victory points wins. If there is a tie, the tied player with the most goods remaining wins.

If still tied, the tied player with more cards remaining in hand wins.

If there is still a tie, then the tied players share the victory!

FOR EXPERIENCED TRADERS

For 2- and 3-player games with experienced *Santo Domingo* players, we recommend continuing play until at least 1 player has 45 or more victory points at the end of a round. As soon as you exceed 30 victory points, take a second Victory Point track card and red marker and begin tracking the additional points with those.

The **Winter side** of the game board offers a greater challenge regardless of the number of players because winter makes trading a lot more difficult. This is accomplished through making the *Trader* row exchange rates more difficult as you have to deliver a larger quantity of goods to trade for victory points.

CREDITS

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